# RECOGNIZE + RESPOND TO OVERDOSE

It may be hard to tell if a person is high or experiencing an overdose. If you aren't sure, it's best to treat it like an overdose—you could save a life.

## HOW TO RECOGNIZE AN OVERDOSE



### Slow, shallow breathing

A person may have very slow, shallow breaths, make gurgling noises, or stop breathing.



### Falling asleep or loss of consciousness

A person may be awake but unable to talk, or may not respond when you try to wake them up.



### Pale, blue, or cold skin

They could look very pale or have blue lips and fingernails.

#### SOURCES:

https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/pdf/patients/Preventing-an-Opioid-Overdose-Tip-Card-a.pdf https://preventoverdoseri.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/respond-to-overdose.png

# HOW TO RESPOND TO AN OVERDOSE



### Call 911 immediately

Even a matter of seconds could save a life.



### Administer naloxone if available

Follow the directions for nasal or intramuscular naloxone kits.



### Try to wake them up

Call their name and rub the middle of their chest with a closed fist.



### Start rescue breathing

Make sure their mouth is not blocked, pinch their nose, and breathe into their mouth every 5 seconds.



### Lay the person on their side

Put the person on their side supported by a bent knee to prevent choking.



FOR MORE INFORMATION

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